

SYLLABUS FOR THREE YEAR DEGREE COURSE

B.A. HISTORY (HONS) PART-I

The Student offering History (Hons) Course will be required to attempt any five questions of 20 marks each in all papers and in each year of the three year's Honours course.

Examination 1998 onwards	Maximum Marks	Duration of Hours
Paper –I History of India from the earliest times to 1206	100	3
Paper –II History of Great Britain, 1603-1939	100	3

B.A. Part-I (Hons.)

Paper I

History of India form the earliest time to 1206 A.D

1. Sources of Ancient Indian History.
2. Pre History, The method & significance.
3. Indus valley, civilization special reference to town planning, futures at material culture, religion and special structure declare and legacy.
4. Cultural pattern form 1500 BC to 600 BC Economy orient, policy and Ideological belief as reflected to early and later vedic Literature.
5. New religions Movement, material and philosophy, Gautama Buddha, Buddhist religious and Philosophy.
6. Age of Mauryas the establishment at the first Empire, Administrative organization, society, economy religion and Art Asoka concept at Dhamma, decline as the Maurya Empire.
7. The Age of Gupta beginning and expansive of the empire under ChandraGupta I&Samudra Gupta and Chandragupta II, Administrative system cultural development Literature, sources of theohrolosy.
8. Harshvardhan, conquest and religious policy.

9. Development the past Mourya period 900 BC to A.D 300 Political development with special reference to shung, kusan, satvahans, Administrative institution commerce and literature
10. Origin and role at the Rajput from 8th century A.D to 12 century A.D.
11. South India pallavas the cultural contributor, Chola with special reference to the administrative system to chola, Chalukyas at vatabi.
12. Advent at the Turks Gajani and ghoris.
13. Advent of the Arabs its political and cultural Impact.

B.A. Part-I (Hons.)

Paper-II

History at Great Britain (1603 – 1939)

1. Early Stuart, Sovesigns their constitution conflict with parliament, foreign policy.
2. Restoration at 1660, Mature & significance foreign policy at Charles II.
3. Civil war, Rise at Cromwell.
4. Cromwell, constitutional experience, foreign policy.
5. James II causes at the Glorious Revolution 1688, its nature and significance.
6. Constitutional significance at the reign at George I, II, domestic and foreign policy at walpole.
7. Agricultural Revaluation in the 18th century its chief features.
8. The industrial Revaluation features leading and Impact.
9. George III, attempt at the Revival at royal power and its failure achievements at pit the younger, domestic and foreign affairs.
10. Expansion at Franchise, the first Reforms Act (1832) the second Reforms Act (1867) the third Reforms Act 1884.
11. Achievement at peel.
12. Gladstone, Discords, social Reforms and Imperialism.
13. Factor leading to English's participation in the First World War.
14. The Rise and progress at the Labour party.
15. The cabinet crises at 1931.
16. The policy of England in the Second World War.

B.A. Part-I (Subs.)
Paper – I
History of India from the earliest time to 1526 A.D

1. Sources at Ancient Indian History.
2. Indus Valley.
3. Rigvedic and later Vedic period.
4. Mahavir Jain & Gautama Buddha.
5. Rise at Magadh.
6. Maurya Period.
7. Kanishk
8. Gupta Period.
9. Harshvardhan.
10. Turkis attack
11. Mohmadgori
12. Establishment at special Reference to Qutuboo-din- Aibac,1206
13. Extansion at Delhi sultenale 1290 – 1320.
14. Delhi sultanate all period (1206 -1526).
15. Rise at VijaynagarandBahmani.(1336-1340)
- 16.Mughal Empire Baber and Battle of Panipat,1526

B.A. HISTORY (HONS)
Part-II

Paper -III History of India from 1206 to 1757

Paper-IV History of Modern Europe (1788-1945)

Paper -III(History of India from 1206 to 1757)

1. Survey of the Sources.
2. Establishment of the Turkish Rule (1206-1290) with special reference to QutubdinAibak, iltutmish and Balban.
3. Expansion of the Delhi Sultanate (12090-1320) the Khaljiss. Administration and Economic reforms.

4. Delhi Sultanate (1320-1398); The Tughluqs with special, reference to Mohammad Bin Tughluq and Feroz shah Tughluq; Invasion of Timur.
5. Rise of the vijayanagar Empire and the Bahmani Kingdom
6. The Lodis and the advent of the Mughals.
7. Evolution of the administrative structure of the Delhi Sultanate.
8. Society and religious during the Sultanate period.
9. Establishment of the Mughal rule : Babar and Humayun.
10. Shershah: establishment of the second Afghan Empire administration.
11. Akbar ; expansion of the empire, religious policy, relation with the Rajputs; Emergence of composite culture.
12. Mughal Empire under Jehangir, Shahjahan and Aurangzeb; continuity and change;
 - (i) Relations with the Rajputs;
 - (ii) Relations with the Deccan Kingdom;
 - (iii) Religious policy with special reference to Aurangzeb :-
13. Mughal Empire and the North West.
14. Rise of the Marathas under Shivaji's – Shivaji's administration.
15. Marathas under the Peshwas.
16. Mughal administration; theory of state; administrative structure, fiscal resource and land-revenue system.
17. Cultural development – Art, architecture, literature.
18. Growth of the European power in India ; Carnatic and Bengal

Suggested Readings :-

1. A.B. Habibullah – The foundation of the muslim rule in India (Hindi).
2. U.N. Day – Government of the Sultanates
3. A.Mehdi Hassan – The Tughluq Dynasty.
4. H.K. Sherwani – The Bahmani Kingdom of the Deccan.
5. T.V. Mahligam – Administration and social life under Vijaynagar Empire.
6. G. Yazdani – Early History of the Deccan (Hindi).
7. K.M. Ashraf – A. History of India
8. Majumdar. Roy – An advanced History of India.
9. Chopra Puri & Das – Social cultural and Economic History of India –vol. II (Hindi)
10. Percival Spear – History of India Vol. II
11. The Mughal Empire – Dr. A.L. Srivastava
12. R.P. Tripathi – Rise and Fall of the Mughal Empire (Hindi)
13. Irfan Habib – Agrarian system of the Mughal India.
14. L.W. Moreland – Agrarian system of Muslim India.
15. J.N. Sarkar – Short History of Aurangzeb (Hindi).
16. W.H. Moreland – India at the Death of Akbar (Hindi).
17. G.S. Sardesai – New history of the Marathas
18. H.N. Sinha – Rise of the Peshwas.

B.A. Part-II (Hons.)
Paper-IV
History of Modern Europe (1788-1945)

1. The French Revolution Cause, nature achievement, the national Assembly, Reign of Terror,
2. Napoleon Era, rise and Napoleon's contribution Europe, Causes of his downfall
3. Congress of Vienna, Concert of Europe .
4. Reaction & Revolution 1830, 1848.
5. Napoleon III internal & External policy
6. Rise and growth of capitalism in Modern Europe.
7. Italian and German unification, eastern and western, Greek war of independence, the Crimean war and the Berlin Congress .
8. Alexander II of Russia
9. Germany after 1870, role of Bismarck .
10. Expansion of Europe in Africa till 1914.
11. World war 1st causes and effects.
12. Russian revolution of 1917. Causes, nature, and effects.
13. The Treaty of Versailles .
14. The League of Nations achievement or failure.

B.A. Part-II (Subs.)
Paper-II
Indian History (1526 – 1950)

Mughal History

1. Babar's Life, Babar's Indian campaign. Battle at Panipat, Struggle between Baber and Rajput.
2. Humayun, Early problem at Humayan Campaign at Humayan.
3. Battle fought by Shershah, Administration system of Shershah, religious policy of Shershah.
4. Akbar, battle of the 2nd Panipat, expansion of empire, Rajput policy religious policy, administration.
5. Jahangir, revolt of Khushro, administration
6. Shahjahan (1628-1658)
7. Aurangzeb, anti-Hindu, Rajput policy, Deccan Policy religious policy.
8. Religious Policy of great Mughal.
9. Administration and down fall of Mughal.

Modern History

10. European company in India – Portuguese, Dutch, East India Company, French.
11. Battle of Plassey and Buxar.
12. Relation with Britishers, Mysore, Punjab & Sindh.
13. Revolt of 1857, causes, nature and effect.
14. Contribution of Lord Cornwallis, Lord Ripon, Lord Curzon in India.
15. Freedom movement in India, Gandhi Era Quit India, Planning at Mountbatten.

III Year Pass Course / General PART - III

3 World History 1789-1945

1. French Revolution of 1789, causes, nature and significance.
2. Rise and Fall of Napoleon Bonaparte.
3. The Industrial Revolution.
4. The Triumph of Nationality in Europe in the 19th Century.
5. Transition from Feudalism to capitalism.
6. Modern Imperialism
7. The American Civil War, 1861-65.
8. The Chinese Revolution, 1911
9. Causes & Effects of the First World War.
10. Formation of the League of Nations : its success and failure.
11. Russian Revolution of 1917, Causes, nature and significance.
12. Rise, Development and fall of Japanese Imperialism.
13. Modernization of Turkey under Mustafa Kemal Pasha.
14. Rise of Fascism in Italy.
15. Rise of Nazism in Germany.
16. Gandhism: Ideology and politics.
17. Rise and Development of Communism in China.
18. Circumstances leading to the Second World War.

Suggested Readings:-

1. H.A. Davie – An outline History of the World.
2. David Thomson – World History, 1914-1968.
3. F.G. Pearce – An outline History of Civilisation.
4. E.L. Hotjzman – Industry and Empire.
5. J.L. Nehru – Glimpse of World History (also in Hindi)
6. H.G. Wells – The outline of History.
7. J.E. Swain – History of World Civilization.
8. W.L. Langer – An Encyclopedia of World History.
9. U.E. Marshall – The story of Human Progress.
10. Hing Hall – History of Our own Times.

11. Weech – world History.
12. Rahul Sankritayan
13. Radha Krishna – Duniyaksikahani (Hindi)
14. R.S. Sharma – VishwaItihaskiBhumika
15. C.F. Andrewa – Mahatma Gandhi’s Ideas
16. B.R. Nanda - Mahatma Gandhi
17. J.L. Nehru – Glimpses of World History.

B.A. HISTORY (HONS)

Part-III

Paper – V History of India (1757-1857)

Paper – VI History of India (1838-1947)

Paper – VII **Choose any one of the Following Group:-**

- (a) History of China & Japan mid – 100
(19th century of mid-20th century)
- (b) History of South East Asia mid 19th to mid 20th century.
(Burma, Malaysia, Thailand, Indo- China & Indonesia)
- (c) History of West Asia – mid 19th to 20th century
(Turkey, Iran, Iraq, Syria, Saudi Arabia)

Paper– VIII **Choose any one of the following :-**

- (a) Rise of the Modern West mid 15th Century to the American
Revolution
- (b) History of the USA. 1776 -1945
- (c) History of Russia, 1855-1953

PAPER – V HISTORY OF INDIA, 1757-1857

1. India is the middle of the 18th Century- forces of continuity and change.
2. Final victorate of the British – Bengal and the carnatic.
3. Expansion of the British up to ; War and Diplomacy as instruments of expansion – relationship with the Marthas, Mysore, Awadh, Central India; Punjab, Sindh, Burma (First Phase).
4. Growth of administrative apparatus – Warren Hastiags ,Conrwailis, Bentinck, Dalhousie.
5. Economics Changes (1757-1857).
 - (a)Dand Revenue settlement – Permanent settlement, Ryotwari, Mahalwari.
 - (b)Decline of Indian Industries.
 - (c)Commercialization of agriculture.
6. Introduction of English education and the rise of the new intelligentsia with special reference of Raja Ram Mohan Roy.
7. Indian resistance of British Imperial Rule.
 - (a)Popular resistance.
 - (b)Revolt of 1857, causes and nature.

Suggested readings :-

1. H.H. Doc well (ed) – Cambridge : History of India Vol. V
2. P. Thompson and G.T. Garatt – The Rise and fulfillment of British rule in India.
3. P.E. Roberts – History of British India.
4. Majumdar, RoyChaudhary&Dutt – As Advanced History of India.
5. S.B. Shoudhuri – Civil Disturbances under British Rule 1757-1867.
6. E.P. Sharma – Adhunik Bharat (Hindi).
7. Delhi Univeristy Publication - Adhunik Bharat kaItihas (Hindi)
8. D.R. Gadgil – The Industrial Evolution of India Recent Time (relevant topics).
9. S.N. Sen – Eighteen Fifty Seven.
10. P.C. Joshi (ed). – Rebellion 1857 : A Symposium.

11. R.C. Majumdar – History and Culture of the Indian people (relevant volumes).
12. R.C. Majumdar – The Sepoy Mutiny and the Revolt 1857.
13. V.C. Joshi (ed) – Ram Mohan Roy and the process of Modernization in India.
14. B.B. Mishra – The Indian Middle classes.
15. Bisheshwar Prasad – Bondage and Freedom , Vol. 1
16. Chandra Prasad Das – Social, cultural and Economic History of India Vol. III (Hindi)
17. J. K. Chakravarty – The Indian Middle Classes
18. S. N. Mukherjee – The Indian Middle Classes
19. R. S. Chandra – The Indian Middle Classes
20. J.L. Nehru – Discovery of India.

B.A. Part-III HISTORY(Hons.)

Paper-VI

PAPER – VI HISTORY OF INDIA (1858 – 1947)

1. India's relation with Persia, Afghanistan, Nepal, Tibet, Burma.
2. British policy towards Indian states.
3. Problems of decentralization-Separation of judicial from executive function, indianisation of services.
4. Rise of social and religious reform movement in India with special reference to Brahma Samaj & Arya Samaj.
5. Imperial adjustments: administration of Ripon, Morley- Minto Reforms.
6. Imperial offensives: Lytton and Curzon.
7. Imperial adjustment (next Phase)—Montagu- Chalmers Reforms.
8. Causes of the Rise of Indian nationalism and the birth of Indian national Congress.
9. Indian National movement up to 1919
 - (a) Early political Associations
 - (b) Indian National Congress.
 - (c) The moderates, the Extremists, the Revolutionaries in India and abroad.
10. Constitutional development of India with special reference to act of 1909, 1919, 1935.

11. Imperial Response: Suppression-cum conciliation, the Government of India Act, 1935.
12. Indian National movement, 1919 to 1947
 - (a) Emergence of M.K. Gandhi.
 - (b) Khilafat movement
 - (c) Non-co-operation movement
 - (d) Swarajists movement
 - (e) Civil Disobedience movement
 - (f) Quit India movement (1942)
 - (g) Cabinet mission plan.
13. India and the Second world war in India.
14. The Economic impacts of the British rule-
 - (a) Cripps Mission
 - (b) 1942 Movement
 - (c) Cabinet Mission
15. Muslim Politics since 1930 and demand for partition
16. Independence and Partition.
17. Education policy of British in India.
18. Contribution of M.K. Gandhi, Jawaharlal Nehru, Netaji Subhashchandra Bose.
19. Deconstruction of judiciary from in Indian contest

B.A. Part-III HISTORY(Hons.)

Paper-VII

Paper – VII(*Choose any one of the following*)

- (A) History of China & Japan mid-19th century of mid-20th century
– 100 Marks

China

1. Historical background and opium war of China.
2. Financial imperialism of open door policy in China.
3. Taiping revolt, Causes, effects.
4. Boxer Movement
5. The Revolution of 1911

6. Genesis and Principles of the Kuomintang Party.
7. The career and contribution of Dr. Sun YatSen
8. The career and contribution of Chiang Kai Shek.
9. Rise and Growth of the communist movement in China.
10. Communist revolution and role of Maostse -Tung, life and achievement of Chiang Kai Shek.

Japan

11. Opening of Japan
12. Meiji Restoration
13. Modernisation of Japan
14. Sino- Japanese war of 1894-95 and the Russo Japanese war of 1904-05
15. Washington Conference.
16. Japan and Manchuria
17. Rise and Fail of Japanese imperialism

(B) History of South East Asia (mid-19th to mid-20th century) (Burma, Malaysia, Thailand, Indo- China & Indonesia)

1. British Conquest of Burma.
2. History of Burmese National Movement.
3. British Conquest of Malaya.
4. History of Malaysian National Movement.
5. Thailand's contact with the west; Internal administration; Revolt of 1932. Thailand World War II.
6. French imperialism in Indo-China.
7. Rise and Growth of National Movement in Indo-China.
8. Dutch imperialism in Indonesia.
9. Dutch imperialism in Indonesian National movement.

(C) History of West Asia – mid 19th to 20th century
(Turkey, Iran, Iraq, Syria, Saudi Arabia)

TURKEY:-

1. Hamidian Despotism.
2. Decline of the Ottoman Empire.
3. Young Turk Movement.
4. Establishment of the Republic.
5. Kemalist Transformation of Turkey.
6. Foreign policy of Turkey under Kamal Pasha.

IRAN:-

7. Condition of Iran before the accession of Reza Shah Pahlavi.
8. Domestic Policy of Reza Shah Pahlavi.
9. Foreign policy of Reza Shah Pahlavi.

IRAQ:-

10. British Mandate in Iraq.
11. Rise of Nationalism in Iraq.

SYRIA, LEBNAN & PALESTINA:-

12. French mandate in Syria and Lebanon.
13. Palestinian Problem.
14. Creation of the State of Israel.

SAUDI ARABIA

15. Rise and Growth of Arab Nationalism.
16. Modernisation of Saudi Arabia.
17. Achievements of King Ibn Saud.

B.A. Part-III HISTORY(Hons.)

PAPER – VIII (*Any one of the following*)

(A) Rise of the Modern west (mid 15th century to the American Revolution)

1. Renaissance; its social roots, city states in Italy crisis in feudalism, humanism, new learning and artistic standards.
2. Early colonial Empires :- Motives, voyages, portugues and spanir Empires, beginning of the era of olonizties.

3. Origins of the European States :-
 - (a) France-Louis XI, Francis X, Charles IX, decline of the Third Estate, ascendancy of king in council.
 - (b) Spain – Internal unification, Charles V. Dynastic territorial unity, revolts of the knight (1522) and of the peasants (1522).
 - (c) Britain:- Tudor absolutism, Star chamber, council, parliament Trade and the of professional administrations.
 - (d) Russia: Ivan the Great, Ivan the Terrible, Isolation, from the west.
4. Economic development of the 16th Century.
 - (a) Commercial Revolution.
 - (b) Influx of American Silver and the Price-Revolution.
5. European Reformation:- Origin, brief course and results, Luther, Calvin and the British compromise, counter-Reformation. Thirty Year's War and the rise of Sweden.
6. European crisis in the 17th Century: Economic and political aspects.
7. The English Revolution of 1688: Origin social, economic and political aspects.
8. Nature of the British Revolutionary settlement.
9. Rise of Modern Science: Copernicus Kepler, Harvey, scientific method and organization, Bacon, Descartes, Newton.
10. Mercantilism; major outlines as developed by 1648 and practiced for = 150 years in the 17th & 18th centuries.
11. Economic developments in the 18th century, commerce, industry and agriculture, background of the Industrial Revolution.
12. American Revolution: origin results and significance.
13. Transition from feudalism to capitalism: Problem & theories.

Suggested Readings:-

1. Rise of the modern West – Parthasarathi Gupta
2. J.R. Hale – Renaissance Europe.
3. G. Clark – Early Modern Europe.
4. M.S. Anderson – 18th Century Europe.
5. C. Hill – Reformation to Industrial Revolution.
6. A.R. Hall – From Galileo to Newton
7. David Ogg – Europe of the Ancien Régime
8. M. Dobb – Studies in the Development of Capitalism.
9. R. Halton – Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism.
10. K.M. Panikar – Western over Asia.

(B) HISTORY OF THE USA, 1776-1945

1. War of American Independence.

2. Government and politics under George Washington.
3. Jeffersonian democracy.
4. U.S. Foreign Relations, 1800-1829.
5. Jacksonian Democracy.
6. Civil War ; factor and impact, with special reference to Abraham Lincoln.
7. Reconstruction after Civil War.
8. Populist movement.
9. Imperialism and Emergence of the USA as a world power.
10. Spanish war : causes and effects.
11. Theodore Roosevelt.
12. President Wilson domestic policy role in World War : Role in paris peace conference.
13. Isolationism and Internationalism of American, 1918 to 1933.
14. Economic Depression (1920-1933).
15. F.D Roosevelt: New deal, foreign policy.
16. Social and cultural progress in the 20th century.

Suggested Readings:-

1. S.E Morrison & Commager – The growth of American Republics.
2. R.N. Current & other – American History A survey.
3. S.R. Morrison – Oxford History of the United States./
4. J.G. Randall and D. Ronal – The civil war and Recommended.
5. Pratt – History of the US foreign policy.
6. B.P. Saxena – American k Itihas (Hindi)
7. P.Mishra.K. Bajpaye and other – Samyukta Raj. America kaItihas A Sampurna
8. A.M. Schlesinger (Jr) – The Rise of Modern America 1865-1951.
9. Richard M. Fox – An Introduction to American Civilization.
10. R.P. Kaushik – Significant Themes in American History.
11. Aglen Nevins – A Brief History of the United States.
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(C) HISTORY OF RUSSIA, 1855-1953

1. Role of Russia in the Eastern Question, crime war, Berlin Congress.
2. Czar Alexander II: Reforms
3. Causes and effects of the Russo-Japanese war.1904-05

4. Triple Entente.
5. Russia and the First world war- Causes or Russian decade.
6. Menshevik Revolution, March 1917.
7. Bolshevik Revolution, October 1917 : the initial legislation of the New Regime.
8. The New Economic Policy : Strategies for the restoration of the national economy : foreign Policy.
9. The Foundations of planned Economy collectivization of agriculture, role of the communist party, foreign policy.
10. Soviet Diplomacy prior to and during the second World war : the economy.
11. The Soviet Economy, 1945-53, the restoration of the national economy and the programme of communist construction.
12. Beginning of the cold war: factors and progress till 1953.